



BLESSING-RIEMAN
*College of Nursing
& Health Sciences*

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Owner Reta Richmond:
EXECUTIVE
ASSISTANT-
BRCN
Area Student
Development
Committee

Title IX - Sexual Harassment

I. PURPOSE

The purpose of this policy is to define the guidelines and procedures regarding Sex Discrimination, as defined by Title IX.

II. NON-DISCRIMINATION NOTICE AND POLICY STATEMENT

Blessing-Rieman College of Nursing & Health Sciences ("College") is committed to providing a learning and working environment that promotes personal integrity, civility, and mutual respect where individuals are free from Sex Discrimination. The College does not discriminate on the basis of sex and prohibits Sex Discrimination in its Education Programs or Activities as required by Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972 and its implementing regulations, Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1974, and other applicable state and local laws. The College's prohibition on Sex Discrimination extends to all aspects of its operations, including admissions and employment. The College also prohibits various forms of Retaliation as provided by law. Reports and Complaints of Sex Discrimination may be made to the College's Title IX Coordinator, whose contact information is specified below.

The College's Sex Discrimination and Sex-Based Harassment Policy implements the College's prohibition on Sex Discrimination, contains information on how to report Sex Discrimination, and sets forth the College's processes for investigating and adjudicating allegations of Sex Discrimination. The Policy prohibits all forms of Sex Discrimination, including Adverse Treatment Sex Discrimination, Policy or Practice Sex Discrimination, and Sex-Based Harassment, which includes Quid Pro Quo Harassment, Hostile Environment Harassment, Sexual Assault, Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, and Stalking.

Members of the College Community who commit Sex Discrimination are subject to the full range of College discipline including verbal reprimand; written reprimand; mandatory training, coaching, or counseling; mandatory monitoring; partial or full probation; partial or full suspension; demotion; fines; permanent separation from the institution (that is, termination or dismissal); physical restriction from College property; cancellation of contracts; and any combination of the same.

The College will provide persons who have experienced Sex Discrimination ongoing remedies as reasonably

necessary to restore or preserve access to the College's Education Programs or Activities.

Consistent with Title IX, the College also provides certain supports and modifications for persons who are experiencing pregnancy or pregnancy related conditions. The College has a separate [Pregnancy Disclosure Policy](#) (located in the Student Handbook) that governs the provision of such supports and modifications.

The College has designated a Title IX Coordinator to respond to questions about the Policy and Title IX and its implementing regulations; to receive Reports and Complaints of Sex Discrimination as further explained in the Policy, and to coordinate and oversee the College's response to Sex Discrimination as dictated by the Policy and applicable laws and regulations. The Title IX Coordinator's name and contact information is:

Jenna Crabtree, MBA
Dean of Enrollment Management/Business Manager
Blessing-Rieman College of Nursing & Health Sciences
3609 North Marx Drive
Quincy, IL 62305-7005
jcrabtree@brcn.edu
217-228-5520, ext. 6961

In addition to reporting to the Title IX Coordinator, any person may report Sex Discrimination to the following Deputy Title IX Coordinator:

Jan Akright, PhD, RN
Academic Dean
Blessing-Rieman College of Nursing & Health Sciences
3609 North Marx Drive
Quincy, IL 62305-7005
jakright@brcn.edu
217-228-5520, ext. 6907

The Title IX Coordinator may assign one or more designees to carry out some of the College's responsibilities for compliance with Title IX and its implementing regulations, but the Title IX Coordinator retains ultimate oversight for those responsibilities.

In addition to the Title IX Coordinator, questions about Title IX and its implementing regulations may be referred to the U.S. Department of Education's Office for Civil Rights ("OCR"). Contact information for OCR is available at:

Office for Civil Rights
U.S. Department of Education
John C. Kluczynski Federal Building

230 S. Dearborn Street, 37th Floor

Chicago, IL 60604

OCR.Chicago@ed.gov

312-730-1560

III. DEFINITIONS

Capitalized terms have the meaning described in Appendix 1 "Definitions."

IV. SCOPE

This Policy applies to Sex Discrimination that occurs within the College's Education Programs or Activities and that is committed by a member of the College Community.

This Policy does not apply to Sex Discrimination that occurs outside the scope of the College's Education Programs or Activities. Nevertheless, the College will address a sex-based hostile environment under its Education Programs or Activities even when some conduct alleged to be contributing to the hostile environment occurred outside the Education Programs or Activities or outside of the United States.

While this Policy is the exclusive policy governing Sex Discrimination that occurs within the College's Education Programs or Activities, Reports and Complaints of Sex Discrimination may implicate conduct that violates other College policies and standards. The College retains full discretion to enforce its other policies and standards with respect to applicable conduct, whether prior to, at the same time as, or after allegations of Sex Discrimination have been resolved pursuant to this Policy.

V. REPORTING SEX DISCRIMINATION

A. Reporting to the College

Any person may Report Sex Discrimination to the Title IX Coordinator. Reports may be made in person, by regular mail, telephone, electronic mail, or by any other means that results in the Title IX Coordinator receiving the person's Report. In-person Reports must be made during normal business hours, but Reports can be made by regular mail, telephone, or electronic mail at any time, including outside normal business hours.

B. Information Provided in Report

There is no formally required content for a report. However, so that the College has sufficient information to investigate a Complaint, the following elements should be included in a report to the extent possible:

- Date(s) and time(s) of the alleged conduct.
- Name(s) of all persons involved in the alleged conduct.
- Name(s) of possible witnesses.
- A statement of the event(s) which is (are) the cause of the report.
- Contact information for the Complainant so that the College may follow up appropriately.

C. Electronic and/or Anonymous Reporting

To file a report electronically and/or anonymously, individuals, including third parties and bystanders, can

submit a report of Sex Discrimination electronically by completing the form found at: Online Silent Witness Form <https://www.brcn.edu/node/6192> . This form is also available in the Student Services Office, as well as the College website under Campus Safety.

They may also submit a report of Sex Discrimination to the BRCN Confidential Compliance Hotline: 1-888-495-4387. Reports made through these methods can be submitted anonymously.

Upon filing an electronic report, the electronic reporter (if not anonymous) will receive an electronic response within 12 hours. These reports will be sent to the Title IX Coordinator who will make every effort to respond or take other corrective action, but the College's ability to respond or take corrective action following an anonymous report may be limited.

This reporting mechanism is not a substitute for the obligation of all College Employees, except for designated Confidential Employees, to make a report as described above.

D. College Employee Reporting

All College Employees, who are not designated as Confidential Employees, are required to promptly report potential Sex Discrimination in the College's Education Programs or Activities to the Title IX Coordinator. An Employee's duty to Report is triggered when: (1) the Employee receives a Report of potential Sex Discrimination from another person; (2) the Employee observes potential Sex Discrimination; or (3) the Employee learns about potential Sex Discrimination through some other means.

If a report involves alleged conduct on the part of the College's President/CEO, the College's Board of Trustees ("Board") will designate appropriate individuals to fulfill appropriate functions under this Policy, including, but not limited to, the investigator, adjudicator, informal resolution officer, and/or appeal officer based on information gathered by the investigation. If a Complaint involves alleged conduct on the part of the Title IX Coordinator or any administrator ranked higher than the Title IX Coordinator, the President/CEO will designate appropriate individuals to fulfill appropriate functions under this Policy, including, but not limited to, the investigator, adjudicator, informal resolution officer, and/or appeal officer.

While Confidential Employees are not required to report potential Sex Discrimination to the Title IX Coordinator, Confidential Employees must:

- Explain their confidential status to any person who informs the Confidential Employee about potential Sex Discrimination, including the circumstances in which the Confidential Employee is not required to notify the Title IX Coordinator about conduct that reasonably may constitute Sex Discrimination.
- Provide such person with contact information for the Title IX Coordinator.
- Explain how the individual may make a complaint of Sex Discrimination directly to the Title IX Coordinator.
- Explain that the Title IX Coordinator may be able to offer and coordinate supportive measures, as well as initiate an informal resolution process or an investigation under the grievance procedures.

The provisions of this section notwithstanding, a Confidential Employee must comply with any applicable state or local law that requires the Confidential Employee to report certain conduct to a state agency or local law enforcement, such as laws mandating the reporting of sexual abuse of minors, imminent threats of suicide or physical violence, or the abuse of the elderly or persons who are under a conservatorship.

From time to time, the College may host public awareness events regarding Sex Discrimination, whether such events occur in person on campus or through an online platform. When potential Sex Discrimination is disclosed in the context of a public awareness event, the College will not act on the information solely because of the disclosure at the public awareness event, unless the information reveals an immediate and serious threat to the health or safety of any person. However, the Title IX Coordinator will use information disclosed during a public awareness event to inform efforts to prevent Sex Discrimination, including by providing tailored training and education.

The Title IX Coordinator will monitor the College's Education Programs or Activities for any barriers to reporting potential Sex Discrimination and take steps reasonably calculated to address any such barriers.

VI. INFORMATION REGARDING THE RIGHTS AND OPTIONS OF THE PARTIES

Once a report of Sexual Assault, Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, or Stalking is made, the victim has several options such as, but not limited to:

- Obtaining Supportive Measures.
- Contacting parents or a relative.
- Seeking legal advice.
- Seeking personal counseling.
- Pursuing criminal or civil legal action against the perpetrator.
- Submitting a Complaint to the Title IX Coordinator.
- Requesting that no further action be taken.

Upon receiving a report of an incident of Sex Discrimination prohibited under this Policy, the College will provide the Complainant with a written document (separate from this Policy) listing, in plain, concise language, the Complainant's available rights, options and resources, as well as a description of the College's procedures for investigating and resolving the report. The College will also provide the Respondent with a written document (separate from this Policy) listing, in plain and concise language, the Respondent's available rights, options and resources, as well as a description of the College's procedures for investigating and resolving the report.

VII. SPECIAL ADVICE FOR INDIVIDUALS WHO HAVE EXPERIENCED SEXUAL ASSAULT, DOMESTIC VIOLENCE, DATING VIOLENCE, OR STALKING

A. Reporting to Law Enforcement

Individuals who feel they have experienced Sexual Assault, Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, or Stalking have the option to pursue a criminal complaint with the appropriate law enforcement agency, to pursue a complaint with the College through this Policy or to pursue both processes consecutively or concurrently. A victim of Sexual Assault, Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, or Stalking also has the right not to pursue any complaint to either the College or to a law enforcement agency.

For more information regarding the option to pursue a criminal complaint, contact:

Quincy Police Department

110 South 8th Street Quincy, IL
62301

217-228-4470

In case of an emergency, dial 911

The Title IX Coordinator and the Blessing Hospital Security Department are available to assist students with contacting appropriate law enforcement authorities. (For more information on the extent of a particular law enforcement agency's reporting obligations to other entities or its ability to protect an individual's privacy or have confidential communications during the criminal complaint process, contact the appropriate law enforcement agency.)

In addition to having the option of pursuing a criminal complaint, individuals also have the right to request that law enforcement issue emergency protective restraining orders or to pursue such orders through the court process. The College can assist parties who wish to do so. Individuals who receive emergency or permanent protective or restraining orders through a criminal or civil process should notify the Title IX Coordinator so that the College can work with the individual and the subject of the restraining order to manage compliance with the order on campus. For more information about such orders see:

Quanada-Domestic Violence and Sexual Assault Programs

2707 Maine Street

Quincy, IL 62301

217-222-0069

1-800-369-2287

Quanada.org

Quincy Police Department 110

South 8th Street

Quincy, IL 62301

217-228-4470

In case of an emergency, dial 911

The Title IX Coordinator and the Campus Security Department will assist individuals with transportation to a hospital if they so request, with contacting appropriate law enforcement authorities upon request, and with accessing all appropriate resources and support, including on- and off-campus confidential victim services and Sexual Assault crisis support.

Whether or not criminal charges are filed, the College will initiate an investigation as provided in this Policy where appropriate. The "Requesting Confidentiality to a Non-Confidential Source" Section below includes additional information regarding requests for confidentiality or requests that no investigation be conducted. Any pending criminal investigation or criminal proceeding may have some impact on the timing of the College's investigation, but the College will commence or resume its own investigation as soon as is practicable under the circumstances. The College reserves the right to commence and/or complete its own investigation prior to the completion of any criminal investigation or criminal proceeding. The College also may, in some circumstances, be required by law enforcement to defer the fact-finding portion of its

investigation for a limited time while law enforcement gathers evidence. In such cases, the Title IX Coordinator shall inform the parties of the need to defer the College's fact-finding, provide regular updates on the status of the investigation and notify the parties when the College's fact-finding resumes. During this time period, the College will take any additional measures necessary to protect and support the parties and the College community. The College's authority to sanction members of the College community applies only to the violation of College rules, policies, and procedures.

Because the standards for finding a violation of criminal law are different from the standards for finding a violation of Sexual Assault, Dating Violence, Domestic Violence, or Stalking under this Policy, criminal investigations or reports are not determinative of whether Sexual Assault, Dating Violence, Domestic Violence, or Stalking, for purposes of this Policy, has occurred. In other words, conduct may constitute Sexual Assault, Dating Violence, Domestic Violence, or Stalking under this Policy even if law enforcement agencies lack sufficient evidence of a crime and therefore decline to investigate or prosecute.

B. Medical Assistance and Preserving Evidence

If you believe you are the victim of Sexual Assault, Domestic Violence, or Dating Violence, get to safety and do everything possible to preserve evidence by making certain that the crime scene is not disturbed. Preservation of evidence may be necessary for proof of the crime or in obtaining a protection order. The College also encourages all individuals who feel they have been victims of Sexual Assault, Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, or Stalking to seek immediate assistance from a medical provider for emergency services, including treatment of any injury.

Seeking medical attention and preserving evidence helps preserve the full range of options for an individual, including the options of working through the College's Policy and/or legal options including obtaining a protective order from a court, pursuing a civil action, and/or participating in a law enforcement investigation and criminal prosecution.

Even if an individual has not been physically hurt, a timely medical examination is recommended so that forensic evidence can be collected and preserved. An individual may choose to allow the collection of evidence by medical personnel even if they choose not to make a report to the police.

Local medical assistance can be obtained at:

Blessing Hospital

Broadway at 11th St

PO Box 7005

Quincy, IL 62305-7005

217-223-1200

The College recommends the following for individuals who believe they are victims of Sexual Assault, Dating Violence, Domestic Violence or Stalking:

- Get to a safe place as soon as possible.
- Try to preserve all physical evidence of the crime – avoid showering, bathing, using the toilet, rinsing one's mouth, smoking, or changing clothes. If it is necessary, put all clothing that was worn at the time of the incident in a paper bag, not a plastic one.

- Do not launder or discard bedding or otherwise clean the area where the assault occurred- preserve for law enforcement.
- Preserve all forms of electronic communication that occurred before, during, or after the assault.
- Contact law enforcement by calling 911.
- Seek medical attention as soon as possible – all medical injuries are not immediately apparent. This is also necessary to help collect evidence that may be needed in case the individual decides to press charges. Local hospitals have evidence collection kits necessary for criminal prosecution should the victim wish to pursue charges. Take a full change of clothing, including shoes, for use after a medical examination.
- Contact a trusted person, such as a friend or family member for support.
- Talk with a professional licensed counselor, College chaplain, or health care provider who can help explain options, give information, and provide emotional support.
- Make a report to the Title IX Coordinator.
- Explore this Policy and avenues for resolution under this Policy.

It is also important to take steps to preserve evidence in cases of Stalking, to the extent such evidence exists. Such evidence is more likely to be in the form of letters, emails, text messages, electronic images, etc. rather than evidence of physical contact and violence. This type of non-physical evidence will also be useful in all types of Sex Discrimination investigations.

Under Illinois law, forensic medical examinations (i.e., evidence collection) sought subsequent to instances of sexual violence are free of charge to the patient. Victims can obtain a free forensic medical examination at:

Blessing Hospital Broadway at
11th St

PO Box 7005

Quincy, IL 62305-7005

217-223-1200

Medical personnel may be covered by federal and/or state privacy laws, such as the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act. Under Illinois law, medical personnel are required to alert police when it reasonably appears that the individual requesting the treatment has received an injury sustained as a victim of a criminal offense, including Sexual Assault. However, it is the individual's choice whether they want to speak to the police.

C. Confidential Reporting

The College recognizes that individuals who feel they have been victims of Sexual Assault, Dating Violence, Domestic Violence, or Stalking may require time and support in considering whether or how to participate in any College or law enforcement process. The College also recognizes that individuals who have been accused of Sexual Assault, Dating Violence, Domestic Violence, or Stalking may also require support. There are confidential resources on campus and in the community available to any individual who needs support or assistance.

1. On-Campus Confidential Advisors

Individuals wishing to receive confidential assistance without making a report to the College may speak with the College's Confidential Advisor. This confidential resource is available to assist you and will not report your circumstances to the College without your permission unless otherwise required to do so by law (such as when the victim is a minor). A Confidential Advisor is available to discuss incidents or accusations of Sexual Assault, Dating Violence, Domestic Violence, or Stalking with both Complainants and Respondents in confidence, and provide emotional support in a safe and confidential space.

Notwithstanding, when necessary, the on-campus Confidential Advisor will make a non-identifying report to the appropriate College personnel so that reported crimes can be included in the College's annual crime statistics disclosure. Disclosures to a Confidential Advisor will not trigger the College's investigation into an incident.

The College's Confidential Advisor receives forty hours (40) of initial training regarding sexual violence and participate in six (6) hours of annual continuing education thereafter. In addition to providing confidential counseling, Confidential Advisor also provides emergency and ongoing support to individuals who have experienced or been accused of Sexual Assault, Dating Violence, Domestic Violence, or Stalking including:

- Providing information regarding the individual's reporting options and possible outcomes, including making a report or a Complaint under this Policy and notifying local law enforcement;
- Providing information about available resources and services, including but not limited to services available on campus and through community-based resources such as sexual assault crisis centers, medical treatment facilities, counseling services, legal resources, medical forensic services and mental health services;
- Providing information regarding orders of protection, no contact orders or similar lawful orders issued by the College or a criminal or civil court;
- An explanation of the individual's right to have privileged, confidential communications with the Confidential Advisor consistent with applicable law;
- Upon request and as appropriate, providing assistance in contacting campus officials, community-based sexual assault crisis centers, campus security and/or local law enforcement; and/or
- Upon request, providing assistance with securing Supportive Measures and accommodations.

The on-campus Confidential Advisor is:

Sarah Mueller, MSW, LCSW

Counselor, Blessing-Rieman College of Nursing & Health Sciences

3609 N. Marx Drive

Quincy, IL 62305-7005

muellers@brcn.edu

217-228-5520 x 6997

BRCN Confidential Compliance Hotline: 1-888-495-4387

2. Confidential Resources in the Community

The following off-campus agencies also employ individuals available to assist members of the College community with issues relating to Sexual Assault, Dating Violence, Domestic Violence, or Stalking in

confidence. Disclosures to these entities will not trigger the College's investigation into an incident. Please note that limitations of confidentiality may exist for individuals under the age of 18.

- National Sexual Assault Telephone Hotline: 800-656-HOPE (4673)
- RAINN rape, Abuse, and Incest National Network: Rainn.org
- State of Illinois Domestic Violence Hotline: 877-863-6338
- Quanaa-Domestic Violence and Sexual Assault Programs

2707 Maine

Quincy, IL 62301

217-222-0069

1-800-369-2287

<https://www.quanaa.org/>

- Avenues-Domestic Violence and Sexual Assault Advocacy

PO Box 284

Hannibal, MO 63401

1-800-678-7713

<https://www.domesticshelters.org/help/mo/hannibal/63401/avenues>

VIII. PRELIMINARY ASSESSMENT

After receiving a Report of potential Sex Discrimination, the Title IX Coordinator will conduct a preliminary assessment to determine:

- Whether the conduct, as reported, falls or may fall within the scope of this Policy (see "Scope"); and
- Whether the conduct, as reported, constitutes or may constitute Sex Discrimination.

If the Title IX Coordinator determines that the conduct reported does not and could not fall within the scope of the Policy, and/or does not and could not constitute Sex Discrimination, even if investigated further, the Title IX Coordinator will close the matter and may notify the reporting party if doing so is consistent with FERPA. The Title IX Coordinator may refer the report to other College offices, as appropriate.

If the Title IX Coordinator determines that the conduct reported could fall within the scope of this Policy, and/or could constitute Sex Discrimination, if investigated further, the Title IX Coordinator will proceed to contact the Complainant (see "Contacting the Complainant").

As part of the preliminary assessment, the Title IX Coordinator may take investigative steps to determine the identity of the Complainant, if it is not apparent from the Report.

IX. CONTACTING THE COMPLAINANT

If a Report is not closed as a result of the preliminary assessment (see "Preliminary Assessment") and the Complainant's identity is known, the Title IX Coordinator will promptly contact the Complainant to discuss

the availability of Supportive Measures (see “Supportive Measures”); to discuss and consider the Complainant’s wishes with respect to Supportive Measures; to inform the Complainant about the availability of Supportive Measures with or without making a Complaint; to explain the process for making a Complaint; and to advise the Complainant of the investigation and adjudication procedures set forth in this Policy. The Complainant will also be provided options for filing complaints with local law enforcement and information about resources that are available on campus and in the community

X. SUPPORTIVE MEASURES

A. Availability of Supportive Measures

If a Report is not closed as a result of the preliminary assessment (see “Preliminary Assessment”), the Title IX Coordinator will offer and make available Supportive Measures to the Complainant regardless of whether the Complainant elects to make a Complaint.

Contemporaneously with the Respondent being notified of a Complaint, the Title IX Coordinator will notify the Respondent of the availability of Supportive Measures for the Respondent, and the College will offer and make available Supportive Measures to the Respondent in the same manner in which it offers and makes them available to the Complainant. The College will also offer and make available Supportive Measures to the Respondent prior to the Respondent being notified of a Complaint, if the Respondent requests such measures.

Supportive Measures that burden a Respondent will only be imposed after a Complaint is made and will be terminated at the conclusion of the investigation and adjudication process. Supportive Measures that burden a Respondent must be no more restrictive of the Respondent than is necessary to restore or preserve the Complainant’s access to the College’s Education Programs or Activities and will not be imposed for punitive or disciplinary reasons.

For Supportive Measures, other than those that burden a Respondent, the College may, as appropriate, modify or terminate such Supportive Measures at the conclusion of the investigation and adjudication process or at the conclusion of any informal resolution process, or the College may continue them beyond that point.

Either party may request that the Title IX Coordinator modify, augment, or terminate Supportive Measures, after their imposition, if circumstances have changed materially.

If a party affected by Supportive Measures qualifies as a person with a disability under applicable law, the Title IX Coordinator may consult, as appropriate, with the individual or office at the College designated to provide support to persons with disabilities to ensure that the College complies with relevant disability law in the implementation of Supportive Measures.

Supportive Measures are confidential and will not be disclosed to persons other than the party to whom the Supportive Measure pertains unless wider disclosure is necessary to provide the Supportive Measure. The College may inform a party of Supportive Measures provided to or imposed on the other party only if necessary to restore or preserve that party’s access to the College’s Education Programs or Activities.

B. Right to Challenge Supportive Measure Decisions

If a party is affected by the Title IX Coordinator’s decision to provide, deny, modify, augment, or terminate Supportive Measures, and wishes to seek a modification or reversal of the decision, the party may appeal the

matter to the College's Student Services Officer. Such an appeal must be made in writing and generally must be made within seven (7) days of the date the party is notified of the decision that the party wishes to appeal, provided, however, that the Student Services Officer may hear appeals made outside the seven (7) day window for good cause shown, after considering all the facts and circumstances. If the Supportive Measures at issue in an appeal are ones that may affect the other party, the Student Services Officer will notify the potentially affected party and allow that party to submit a written response, prior to deciding the appeal. The decision of the Student Services Officer is final and not subject to further review.

If a Supportive Measure burdens the Respondent, the Respondent will be given an opportunity to appeal the imposition of the Supportive Measure prior to the Supportive Measure taking effect unless such pre-imposition appeal is impractical, in which case the Respondent will be given an opportunity to appeal as soon as possible after the Supportive Measure has taken effect.

XI. INTERIM REMOVAL

At any time after receiving a report of Sex Discrimination, the Title IX Coordinator may remove a Student Respondent from one or more of the College's Education Programs or Activities on a temporary basis if an individualized safety and risk analysis determines that an immediate threat to the health or safety of any Student or other individual arising from the allegations of Sex Discrimination justifies removal. In the event the Title IX Coordinator imposes an interim removal, the interim removal is subject to appeal pursuant to the appeal procedure specified in "Right to Challenge Supportive Measure Decisions."

In the case of a Respondent who is a non-student Employee (e.g., administrator, faculty, or staff), and in its discretion, the College may place the Respondent on full or partial administrative leave at any time after receiving a report of Sex Discrimination, including during the pendency of the investigation and adjudication process (see "Investigation" and "Adjudication").

For all other Respondents, including volunteers, guests, and independent contractors, the College retains broad discretion to prohibit such persons from entering onto its campus and other properties at any time, and for any reason, whether after receiving a report of Sex Discrimination or otherwise.

XII. MAKING A COMPLAINT

A person may make a Complaint with the Title IX Coordinator requesting that the College investigate and adjudicate Sex Discrimination in accordance with the provisions "Investigation" and "Adjudication." Provided, however, that the person must (1) meet the definition of Complainant; (2) be a person who has the legal right to act on a Complainant's behalf; (3) be the Title IX Coordinator; or (4) with respect to Complaints of Sex Discrimination other than Sex-Based Harassment, be a Student or Employee or a third-party who is participating or attempting to participate in the College's Education Programs or Activities when the alleged Sex Discrimination occurred.

Complaints may be made to the Title IX Coordinator in person, by regular mail, or by email using the contact information specified in "Reporting Sex Discrimination."

In deference to the agency of alleged victims of Sex Discrimination, the Title IX Coordinator will exercise the authority to make a Complaint only after careful consideration of multiple factors suggests there is an immediate and serious threat to the health or safety of the Complainant or other person or where not making a Complaint would prevent the College from maintaining a non-discriminatory environment. Such factors to be considered include: (1) the Complainant's request not to proceed with initiation of a complaint; (2) the

Complainant's reasonable safety concerns regarding initiation of a Complaint; (3) the risk of additional Sex Discrimination; (4) the severity of the alleged Sex Discrimination, including whether the discrimination, if established, would require the removal of the Respondent from campus or imposition of another disciplinary sanction to end the discrimination and prevent its recurrence; (5) the age and relationship of the parties involved; (6) whether the alleged perpetrator is an Employee; (7) the scope of the alleged Sex Discrimination, including information suggesting a pattern, ongoing Sex Discrimination, or Sex Discrimination alleged to have impacted multiple individuals; (8) the availability of evidence; and (9) whether the College could end the alleged Sex Discrimination and prevent its recurrence without initiating the investigation and adjudication procedures.

If the Title IX Coordinator makes a Complaint, the Title IX Coordinator will notify the Complainant prior to doing so and appropriately address reasonable concerns about the Complainant's safety or the safety of others, including by providing Supportive Measures.

If the Complainant or the Title IX Coordinator makes a Complaint, the College will commence an investigation as specified in "Investigation" and proceed to adjudicate the matter as specified in "Adjudication," below. In all cases where a Complaint is made, the Complainant will be treated as a party, irrespective of the party's level of participation.

In a case where the Title IX Coordinator makes a Complaint, the Title IX Coordinator will not act as a Complainant or otherwise as a party for purposes of the investigation and adjudication processes.

If the Title IX Coordinator elects not to make a Complaint, and no other person makes a Complaint, the Title IX Coordinator will still evaluate the need for and, if appropriate, implement other prompt and effective steps to ensure that Sex Discrimination does not continue or recur in the College's Education Programs or Activities and to remedy its effects, if any.

XIII. CONSOLIDATION OF COMPLAINTS

The College may consolidate Complaints as to allegations of Sex Discrimination against more than one Respondent, or by more than one Complainant against one or more Respondents, or by one party against the other party, where the allegations of Sex Discrimination arise out of the same facts or circumstances. Where the investigation and adjudication processes involve more than one Complainant or more than one Respondent, references in this Policy to the singular "party," "Complainant," or "Respondent" include the plural, as applicable. A Complaint of Retaliation may be consolidated with a Complaint of Sex Discrimination.

XIV. DISMISSAL OF COMPLAINTS

Any time after a Complaint is made, the Title IX Coordinator may dismiss it for any of the following reasons:

- The College is unable to identify the Respondent after taking reasonable steps to do so.
- The Respondent is not participating in the College's Education Programs or Activities and is not employed by the College.
- The Complainant voluntarily withdraws any or all of the allegations in the Complaint, in writing, and the Title IX Coordinator determines that without the withdrawn allegations, the conduct that remains part of the Complaint, if any, would not constitute Sex Discrimination even if proven.
- After first taking reasonable efforts to clarify the allegations, the Title IX Coordinator determines that the conduct alleged in the Complaint, even if proven, would not constitute Sex Discrimination.

Upon dismissal, the Title IX Coordinator must promptly notify the Complainant of the dismissal and its basis, in writing. If the dismissal occurs after the Respondent has been notified of the Complaint, the Title IX Coordinator must also simultaneously notify the Respondent of the dismissal and its basis, in writing. The written notice to the Complainant and/or the Respondent, as applicable must advise the party of their right to appeal the dismissal pursuant to the procedures specified in "Appeal."

Even when a Complaint is dismissed, the Complainant and, as applicable, the Respondent, are still eligible for Supportive Measures as set forth in "Supportive Measures," and the Title IX Coordinator shall evaluate whether to take other prompt and effective steps to ensure that Sex Discrimination does not continue in the College's Education Programs or Activities.

XV. NOTICE OF COMPLAINT

Within five (5) days of the Title IX Coordinator receiving a Complaint, the Title IX Coordinator will transmit a written notice to the Complainant and Respondent that includes:

- A full copy of this Policy, whether in physical or electronic form.
- Sufficient information available at the time to allow the parties to respond to the allegations. Sufficient information includes the identities of the parties involved in the incident, the conduct alleged to constitute Sex Discrimination, and the date and location of the alleged incident, to the extent that information is available to the College.
- A statement that the Respondent is presumed not responsible for the alleged Sex Discrimination until an adjudication of responsibility is made final and that the parties will have an opportunity to present relevant evidence to a trained, impartial decisionmaker prior to such adjudication being made.
- A statement that the party is entitled to receive access to relevant evidence or to an investigative report that accurately summarizes the evidence; if the College provides the party with a summary of the relevant evidence, the parties will have an equal opportunity to access the relevant and not otherwise impermissible evidence upon the request of any party.
- Notification to the Complainant and Respondent of the College's prohibitions on Retaliation and false statements specified in "Bad Faith Complaints and False Information" and "Retaliation."
- If the case is one involving Sex-Based Harassment and a Student Complainant or Student Respondent, a statement that the party may be accompanied by an advisor of their choice, who may be an attorney, and who is permitted to fulfill the role described in "Advisor of Choice."

If there are legitimate concerns for the safety of any person because of providing the written notice of Complaint, providing such written notice may be reasonably delayed to address the safety concern appropriately. Safety concerns that would justify delay of providing the written notice must be based on an individualized safety and risk analysis and not mere speculation or stereotypes. In any event, the written notice of Complaint will be provided to a party sufficiently in advance of their initial investigative interview such that the party has sufficient time to prepare.

Should the College elect, at any point, to investigate allegations that are materially beyond the scope of the initial written notice, the College will provide a supplemental written notice describing the additional allegations to be investigated

XVI. INVESTIGATION

A. Commencement and Timing

After the written notice of a Complaint is transmitted to the parties, the Title IX Coordinator, or an investigator selected by the Title IX Coordinator, will undertake an investigation to gather evidence relevant to the alleged Sex Discrimination, including inculpatory and exculpatory evidence. The burden of gathering evidence sufficient to reach a determination in the adjudication lies with the College and not with the parties. Although the length of each investigation may vary depending on the totality of the circumstances, the College strives to complete each investigation within sixty (60) days of the transmittal of the written notice of the Complaint.

B. Fair Notice and Equal Opportunity

During the investigation, the investigator will provide advance written notice to a party of the date, time, location, participants, and purpose of all meetings and investigative interviews pertaining to that party, with sufficient time for the party to prepare to participate. The investigator will provide an equal opportunity for the parties to be interviewed, to identify witnesses (including fact and, if determined appropriate by the College on a case-by-case basis, expert witnesses), and to present other inculpatory and exculpatory evidence.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the investigator retains discretion to limit the number of witness interviews the investigator conducts if the investigator finds that testimony would be unreasonably cumulative, if the witnesses are offered solely as character references and do not have information relevant to the allegations at issue, or if the witnesses are offered to render testimony that is categorically inadmissible under "Inadmissible Evidence and Impermissible Questioning." The investigator will not restrict the ability of the parties to gather and present relevant evidence on their own.

The investigation is a party's opportunity to present testimonial and other evidence that the party believes is Relevant to the allegations in the Complaint. A party who is aware of and has a reasonable opportunity to present particular evidence and/or identify particular witnesses during the investigation, and elects not to, will be prohibited from introducing any such evidence during the adjudication absent a showing of mistake, inadvertence, surprise, or excusable neglect.

C. Documentation of Investigation

The investigator will take reasonable steps to ensure the investigation is documented. Interviews of the parties and witnesses may be documented by the investigator's notes, audio recorded, video recorded, or transcribed. The particular method utilized to record the interviews of parties and witnesses will be determined by the investigator in the investigator's sole discretion, although whatever method is chosen shall be used consistently throughout a particular investigation, to the extent possible

XVII. ADJUDICATION PROCESS

A. Preparation of the Investigation Report, Appointment of the Adjudicator, and Notification to the Parties

After the evidence gathering phase of the investigation is completed, the investigator will prepare a written investigation report that summarizes the investigation and append to it all the potentially admissible evidence that is relevant to the allegations in the Complaint, including both inculpatory and exculpatory evidence. The investigator will then notify the Title IX Coordinator that the investigation is complete and transmit the investigation report and its appended evidence to the Title IX Coordinator and to the parties.

The Title IX Coordinator will then appoint an adjudicator whose responsibility it will be to adjudicate the

Complaint. The adjudicator may be the investigator or the Title IX Coordinator themselves, or other designee selected by the Title IX Coordinator. Within three (3) days of being notified about the adjudicator's identity, either party may raise concerns, if any, about bias or conflict of interest to the Title IX Coordinator or, if the concerns relate to the Title IX Coordinator as adjudicator, to the Title IX Deputy.

The investigation report and its appended evidence will be transmitted to the adjudicator. The adjudicator will promptly send written notice to the parties notifying the parties of the adjudicator's appointment; setting a deadline for the parties to submit a written response to the investigation report and its appended evidence which shall not be sooner than seven (7) days from the date the investigator transmitted the investigation report; and setting a date and time for each party to meet with the adjudicator separately. The adjudicator's meetings with the parties will not be held any earlier than ten (10) days from the date the investigator transmitted the investigation report to the parties.

B. Response to the Investigation Report

A party's written response to the investigation report must include:

- To the extent the party wishes to respond to any aspect of the investigation report or evidence, any such response.
- A statement as to whether the party contends the credibility of the other party or any witness is in dispute; if so, how such credibility dispute is relevant in evaluating any of the allegations in the Complaint.
- A list of questions the party contends should be posed to the other party and any witnesses.
- Any argument that a particular piece or class of evidence should be categorically excluded from consideration based on any one or more of the standards specified in "Inadmissible Evidence and Impermissible Questioning."
- Argument regarding whether any of the allegations in the Complaint are supported by a preponderance of the evidence.
- Argument regarding whether any of the allegations in the Complaint constitute Sex Discrimination

While the party may receive assistance in preparing the written response, the written response must be submitted and signed by the party themselves or someone with legal authority to act on their behalf.

C. Meetings with Parties and Witnesses

After reviewing the parties' written responses to the investigation report, the adjudicator will meet separately with each party to ask questions, including questions posed by the other party, concerning the party's written response, the investigation report, and/or the evidence collected during the investigation, including questions that may bear on credibility. The adjudicator may also meet with specific witnesses whose credibility is in dispute, and whose testimony is potentially relevant in evaluating any allegations in the Complaint, to pose questions that may bear on credibility.

When a Complaint includes Sex-Based Harassment allegations involving a Student Complainant or Student Respondent, the individual meetings will be video and/or audio recorded. The adjudicator will provide copies of the recordings, or transcripts of the recordings, to the parties. Each party will have seven (7) days to review the recordings or transcripts and propose follow-up questions to be posed to the other party and/or witnesses. The adjudicator will then meet promptly with parties and/or witnesses to pose follow-up questions, as deemed appropriate by the adjudicator.

The adjudicator will screen questions submitted by the parties to ensure they are clear, relevant, and not harassing, and will exclude questions and evidence that are inadmissible under “Inadmissible Evidence and Impermissible Questioning.” The adjudicator will give a party an opportunity to clarify or revise a question that the adjudicator has determined is unclear or harassing and, if the advisor sufficiently clarifies or revises the question, the question will be posed.

D. Subjection to Questioning

In the event a party or witness who was interviewed during the investigation declines to meet with the adjudicator or respond to questions that have been deemed relevant and not impermissible, the adjudicator may consider the individual’s statements, although the adjudicator must consider whether the individual’s failure to meet and/or respond to questions about their credibility should affect the weight to be given to such statement. The adjudicator may choose to place less or no weight upon the individual’s prior statements, provided that the adjudicator may not draw an inference about whether Sex-Discrimination occurred based solely on a party’s or witness’ refusal to respond to questions.

E. Deliberation and Determination

After meeting with each party and any witnesses whose credibility is in dispute, the adjudicator will objectively evaluate all relevant evidence, including both inculpatory and exculpatory evidence, and ensure that any credibility determinations made are not based on a person’s status as a Complainant, Respondent, or witness. The adjudicator will take care to exclude from consideration any evidence that the adjudicator determines is inadmissible on the grounds explained in “Inadmissible Evidence and Impermissible Questioning.” The adjudicator will resolve disputed facts using a preponderance of the evidence (that is, “more likely than not”) standard and reach a determination regarding whether the facts that are supported by a preponderance of the evidence constitute one or more violations of the Policy as alleged in the Complaint.

In the event the adjudicator determines that the Respondent is responsible for violating this Policy, the adjudicator will, prior to issuing a written decision, consult with an appropriate College official with disciplinary authority over the Respondent and such official will determine any discipline to be imposed. The adjudicator will also, prior to issuing a written decision, consult with the Title IX Coordinator who will determine whether and to what extent ongoing support measures or other remedies will be provided to the Complainant and other persons, as appropriate. The adjudicator may seek legal advice from the College’s in-house or outside counsel.

F. Written Decision

After reaching a determination and consulting with the appropriate College official and Title IX Coordinator, as necessary, the adjudicator will prepare a written decision that will include:

- A description of the alleged Sex Discrimination.
- Information about the policies and procedures the College used to evaluate the allegations.
- The adjudicator’s evaluation of all relevant evidence and determination of whether Sex Discrimination occurred.
- When the adjudicator finds that Sex Discrimination occurred, discipline determined by the appropriate College official.
- Whether the Complainant, Respondent, or, to the extent appropriate, other persons, will receive any ongoing Supportive Measures or other remedies as determined by the Title IX Coordinator.

- A description of the College's process and grounds for appeal, as specified in "Appeal."

The adjudicator will transmit the written decision to the Title IX Coordinator and the parties. Transmittal of the written decision to the parties concludes the adjudication process, subject to any right of appeal as specified in "Appeal." Any discipline imposed will be stayed pending the completion of any appeal.

Although the length of time needed to issue the written decision will vary depending on the totality of the circumstances, the College strives to issue the adjudicator's written decision within thirty (30) days of the adjudicator's appointment.

XVIII. APPEAL

Either party may appeal the written decision of an adjudication, or a dismissal of a Complaint, on one or more of the following grounds:

- A procedural irregularity that would change the determination of whether a Policy violation occurred.
- There is new evidence that would change the outcome of the matter and that was not reasonably available at the time the determination of whether the Policy was violated occurred or dismissal was made.
- The Title IX Coordinator, investigator, or adjudicator, as the case may be, had a conflict of interest or bias for or against complainants or respondents generally, or against the individual Complainant or Respondent, that would change the outcome.
- The decision was contrary to the substantial weight of the evidence.
- The punishment or the corrective action imposed is disproportionate to the offense.

No other grounds for appeal are permitted.

A party must file an appeal within seven (7) days of the date they receive notice the written decision or dismissal appealed from or, if the other party appeals, within three (3) days of receiving notice that the other party has appealed, whichever is later. The appeal must be submitted in writing to the Student Services Officer who serves as the appeal officer. The appeal must specifically identify the written decision and/or dismissal appealed from, articulate which one or more of the three grounds for appeal are being asserted, explain in detail why the appealing party believes the appeal should be granted, and articulate what specific relief the appealing party seeks.

Promptly upon receipt of an appeal, the appeal officer will conduct an initial evaluation to confirm that the appeal is timely filed and that it invokes at least one of the permitted grounds for appeal. If the appeal officer determines that the appeal is not timely, or that it fails to invoke a permitted ground for appeal, the appeal officer will dismiss the appeal and provide written notice of the same to the parties.

If the appeal officer confirms that the appeal is timely and invokes at least one permitted ground for appeal, the appeal officer will provide written notice to the other party that an appeal has been filed and that the other party may submit a written opposition to the appeal within seven (7) days. The appeal officer shall also promptly obtain from the Title IX Coordinator any records from the investigation and adjudication necessary to resolve the grounds raised in the appeal.

Upon receipt of any opposition, or after the time for submission of an opposition has passed without one being filed, the appeal officer will promptly decide the appeal and transmit a written decision to the parties that explains the outcome of the appeal and the rationale.

The determination of a Complaint, including any discipline, becomes final when the time for appeal has passed with no party filing an appeal or, if any appeal is filed, at the point when the appeal officer has resolved all appeals, either by dismissal or by transmittal of a written decision.

No further review beyond the appeal is permitted.

Although the length of each appeal will vary depending on the totality of the circumstances, the College strives to issue the appeal officer's written decision within twenty-one (21) days of an appeal being filed.

XIX. ADVISOR OF CHOICE AND OTHER ACCOMPANYING PERSONS

From the point a Complaint is made that involves Sex-Based Harassment and a Student Complainant or Student Respondent, and until an investigation, adjudication, and appeal are complete, the Complainant and Respondent in such a case will have the right to be accompanied by an advisor of their choice to all meetings or interviews that are part of the investigation, adjudication, and appeal process. The advisor may be, but is not required to be, an attorney. The right to be accompanied by an advisor does not apply with regard to other Complaints of Sex Discrimination.

The advisor will play a passive role and is not permitted to communicate on behalf of a party, insist that communication flow through the advisor, or communicate with the College about the matter without the party being included in the communication. In the event a party's advisor of choice engages in material violation of the parameters specified in this section, the College may preclude the advisor from further participation, in which case the party may select a new advisor of their choice.

The College is not required to provide a party with an advisor. For this reason, the College may prohibit its employees from serving as advisors where such service would interfere with the employee's work or other obligations to the College or where such employee's service would create a conflict of interest.

As a general matter, the advisor described in this section is the only person who may accompany a party to meetings or interviews. To the extent the College deviates from this rule and allows a party to be accompanied by one or more persons in addition to an advisor, the same right shall be extended to the other party.

XX. INADMISSIBLE EVIDENCE AND IMPERMISSIBLE QUESTIONING

During the investigation and adjudication processes, questioning and evidence of the following subject matters are inadmissible and impermissible:

- Evidence that is protected under a privilege as recognized by federal, state, or local law, or evidence provided to a confidential employee, unless the person to whom the privilege or confidentiality is owed has voluntarily waived the privilege or confidentiality.
- A party's records that are maintained by a physician, psychologist, or other recognized professional or paraprofessional in connection with the provision of treatment to the party, unless the College obtains that party's voluntary, written consent for use in the College's investigation and adjudication process.
- The Complainant's sexual interests or prior sexual conduct unless such questions and/or evidence is offered to prove that someone other than the Respondent committed the alleged conduct or is offered to prove consent with evidence concerning specific incidents of the Complainant's prior sexual conduct with the Respondent. The fact of prior consensual sexual conduct between the Complainant and Respondent does not demonstrate or imply the Complainant's consent to the

alleged Sex Discrimination or preclude a determination that Sex Discrimination occurred.

XXI. INFORMAL RESOLUTION

At any time after the parties are provided written notice of the Complaint as specified in "Notice of Complaint," and before the completion of any appeal specified in "Appeal," the parties may voluntarily consent, with the Title IX Coordinator's approval, to engage in mediation, facilitated resolution, or other form of dispute resolution the goal of which is to enter into a final resolution resolving the allegations raised in the Complaint by agreement of the parties. The Title IX Coordinator may reject the use of informal resolution in a specific case despite one or more of the parties' wishes. Informal resolution will not be permitted in any case where informal resolution would otherwise conflict with federal, state, or local law.

The specific manner of any informal resolution process will be determined by the parties and the Title IX Coordinator, in consultation together. Prior to commencing the informal resolution process agreed upon, the Title IX Coordinator will transmit a written notice to the parties that:

- Describes the allegations if such notice has not already been provided in writing.
- Describes the parameters and requirements of the informal resolution process to be utilized.
- Identifies the individual responsible for facilitating the informal resolution (who may be the Title IX Coordinator, another College official, or a suitable third-party, provided such person is not the investigator or adjudicator).
- Explains the effect of participating in informal resolution and/or reaching a final resolution will have on a party's ability to resume the investigation and adjudication of the allegations at issue in the Complaint.
- Explains that either party has the right to withdraw from informal resolution and initiate or resume the investigation and adjudication process.
- Explains any other consequence resulting from participation in the informal resolution process, including a description of records that will be generated, maintained, and/or shared.
- Explains potential terms that may be requested or offered in the informal resolution, including restrictions on contact and restrictions on the Respondent's participation in one or more of the College's Education Programs or Activities.
- Explains that an informal resolution agreement is binding only on the parties.
- Describes which records will be maintained and shared.
- Explains if the College resumes its investigation and adjudication process, the College will not access, consider, disclose, or otherwise use information, including records, obtained solely through the informal resolution process as part of the investigation or determination of the Complaint.
- Explains that, if the College resumes its investigation and adjudication process, the person facilitating informal resolution could serve as a witness for purposes other than providing information obtained solely through the informal resolution process.

After receiving the written notice specified in this paragraph, each party must voluntarily provide written consent to the Title IX Coordinator, before the informal resolution may commence.

During the pendency of the informal resolution process, the investigation and adjudication processes that would otherwise occur are stayed and all related deadlines are suspended.

If the parties reach a resolution through the informal resolution process, and the Title IX Coordinator agrees

that the resolution is not clearly unreasonable, the Title IX Coordinator will reduce the terms of the agreed resolution to writing and present the resolution to the parties for their written signature. Once both parties and the Title IX Coordinator sign the resolution, the resolution is final, and the allegations addressed by the resolution are considered resolved and will not be subject to further investigation, adjudication, remediation, or discipline by the College, except as otherwise provided in the resolution itself, absent a showing that a party induced the resolution by fraud, misrepresentation, or other misconduct or where required to avoid a manifest injustice to either party or to the College.

A party may withdraw their consent to participate in informal resolution at any time before a resolution has been finalized.

Absent extension by the Title IX Coordinator, any informal resolution process must be completed within twenty-one (21) days. If an informal resolution process does not result in a resolution within twenty-one (21) days, and absent an extension, abeyance, or other contrary ruling by the Title IX Coordinator, the informal resolution process will be deemed terminated, and the Complaint will be resolved pursuant to the investigation and adjudication procedures. The Title IX Coordinator may adjust any time periods or deadlines in the investigation and/or adjudication process that were suspended due to the informal resolution.

Nothing in this section diminishes the Title IX Coordinator's obligation to take prompt and effective steps when necessary to ensure that Sex Discrimination does not continue or recur within the College's Education Programs or Activities.

XXII. PRESUMPTION OF NON-RESPONSIBILITY

From the time a Report or Complaint is made, a Respondent is presumed not responsible for the alleged Sex Discrimination until an adjudication of responsibility is made final.

XXIII. RESOURCES

Any individual affected by or accused of Sex Discrimination will have equal access to support and counseling services offered through the College. The College encourages any individual who has questions or concerns to seek support of College identified resources. A list of College identified resources is located here: <https://www.brcn.edu/about-us/campus-safety>

XXIV. CONFLICTS OF INTEREST, BIAS, AND PROCEDURAL COMPLAINTS

The Title IX Coordinator, investigator, adjudicator, appeals officer, informal resolution facilitator, and other officials implementing this Policy will be free of any material conflicts of interest or material bias. Any party who believes one or more of these College officials has a material conflict of interest or material bias must raise the concern promptly so that the College may evaluate the concern and find a substitute, if appropriate. The failure of a party to timely raise a concern of a conflict of interest or bias may result in a waiver of the issue for purposes of any appeal specified in "Appeal," or otherwise.

XXV. OBJECTIONS GENERALLY

Parties are expected to raise any objections, concerns, or complaints about the investigation, adjudication, and appeals process in a prompt and timely manner so that the College may evaluate the matter and address it, if appropriate.

XXVI. CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHTS AND ACADEMIC FREEDOM

The College will construe and apply this Policy consistent with the U.S. Constitution and the College's principles of academic freedom. In no case will a Respondent be found to have violated this Policy based on conduct that is protected by the U.S. Constitution and/or principles of academic freedom.

XXVII. RELATIONSHIP WITH CRIMINAL PROCESS

This Policy sets forth the College's processes for responding to Reports and Complaints of Sex Discrimination. The College's processes are separate, distinct, and independent of any criminal processes. While the College may temporarily delay its processes under this Policy to avoid interfering with law enforcement efforts if requested by law enforcement, the College will otherwise apply this Policy and its processes without regard to the status or outcome of any criminal process.

XXVIII. RELATIONSHIP WITH OTHER LEGAL PROCESS

In some cases, allegations of Sex Discrimination under this Policy may be the subject of parallel civil lawsuits, administrative complaints, or regulatory processes under federal, state, or local law. The pendency of such parallel litigation may necessitate a delay or modification of the processes set forth in this Policy, especially where the processes in this Policy might interfere with the authority of a court or regulatory body with jurisdiction over such parallel litigation, violate rules or orders governing such parallel litigation, violate the rights of a party in such parallel litigation, or create a conflict of interest for the College itself. In such instances, the College retains discretion to pause, modify, or terminate proceedings under this Policy.

XXIX. RECORDINGS

Wherever this Policy specifies that an audio or video recording will be made, the recording will be made only by the College and is considered property of the College, subject to any right of access that a party may have under this Policy, FERPA, and other applicable federal, state, or local laws. Only the College is permitted to make audio or video recordings under this Policy. The surreptitious recording of any meeting, interview, or other interaction contemplated under this Policy is strictly prohibited.

XXX. VOLUNTEERS, VENDORS, CONTRACTORS AND THIRD PARTIES

The College does business with various volunteers, vendors, contractors, and other third-parties who are not Students or Employees of the College. Notwithstanding any rights that a given volunteer, vendor, contractor, or third-party Respondent may have under this Policy, the College retains its right to limit any volunteer, vendor, contractor, or third-party's access to campus for any reason. And the College retains all rights it enjoys by contract or law to terminate its relationship with any volunteer, vendor, contractor, or third-party irrespective of any process or outcome under this Policy.

XXXI. BAD FAITH COMPLAINTS AND FALSE INFORMATION

It is a violation of this Policy for any person to submit, or to aid or abet another to submit, a Report or Complaint that the person knows, at the time the Report or Complaint is submitted, to be false or frivolous. It is also a violation of this Policy for any person to knowingly make, or to aid or abet another to make, a materially false statement during the course of an investigation, adjudication, or appeal under this Policy, although a party, witness, or other person who knowingly makes a materially false statement will not be punished based solely on the College's determination of whether Sex Discrimination occurred. Violations of

this section are not subject to the investigation and adjudication processes in this Policy; instead, they will be addressed under the Student Code of Conduct in the case of students and other College policies and standard, as applicable, for other persons.

XXXII. RETALIATION

It is a violation of this policy to engage in Retaliation. Reports and Complaints of Retaliation may be made in the manner specified in “Reporting Sex Discrimination,” and “Making a Complaint.” Any Report or Complaint of Retaliation will be processed under this Policy in the same manner as a Report or Complaint of Sex Discrimination, as the case may be. The College retains discretion to consolidate a Complaint of Retaliation with a Complaint of Sex Discrimination for investigation and/or adjudication purposes if the two Complaints share a common nexus.

XXXIII. CONFIDENTIALITY

The College will keep confidential the identity of any individual who has made a Report or Complaint of Sex Discrimination or Retaliation including any Complainant, the identity of any individual who has been reported to be a perpetrator of Sex Discrimination or Retaliation including any Respondent, and the identity of any witness or other participant in the College’s investigation and adjudication processes except:

- When the individual has provided prior written consent to disclose their identity.
- When disclosure is permitted by FERPA or its implementing regulations.
- As otherwise required by applicable federal, state, or local law;
- As required by Federal regulations or the terms and conditions of a Federal award, including a grant award or other funding agreement; or
- As necessary to carry out the purposes of Title IX and its implementing regulations, including the requirement to take action to address potential Sex Discrimination under the College’s Education Programs or Activities.

The College will also maintain the confidentiality of its various records generated in response to Reports and Complaints, including, but not limited to, information concerning Supportive Measures, notices, investigation materials, adjudication records, and appeal records. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the College may disclose any record if permitted by FERPA or its implementing regulations, as otherwise required by applicable federal, state, or local law, or as necessary to carry out the purposes of Title IX and its implementing regulations, including the requirement to address potential Sex Discrimination under the College’s Education Programs or Activities.

Further, notwithstanding the College’s general obligation to maintain confidentiality as specified herein, the parties to a Complaint will be given access to investigation and adjudication materials in the circumstances specified in this Policy. Such investigation and adjudication materials, including the investigation report and appended evidence, and the written decision, are for the sole use of the party (and, if the party is entitled to one, an advisor) in the proceedings contemplated by this Policy; such materials may not be disseminated to third parties or otherwise published. If a party violates the confidentiality rules governing investigation and adjudication materials, the party is subject to disciplinary action under the Student Code of Conduct in the case of a student, and other College policies and standards, as applicable, for other persons.

While the College will maintain confidentiality specified in this section, the College will not limit the ability of the parties to discuss the allegations at issue in a particular case. Parties are advised, however, that the

manner in which they communicate about, or discuss a particular case, may constitute Sex Discrimination or Retaliation in certain circumstances and be subject to discipline pursuant to the processes specified in this Policy.

Certain types of Sex Discrimination are considered crimes for which the College must disclose crime statistics in its Annual Security Report that is provided to the campus community and available to the public. These disclosures will be made without including personally identifying information.

XXXIV. OTHER VIOLATIONS OF THIS POLICY

Alleged violations of this Policy, other than violations of the prohibitions on Sex Discrimination and Retaliation, will be subject to review and resolution under Code of Conduct for Students, and other College policies and standards, as applicable, for other persons.

XXXV. AMNESTY

The College recognizes that Students who have consumed or possessed alcohol when they are not 21 years of age or who have used or possessed illegal drugs may be hesitant to report Sex-Based Harassment against them or others. Therefore, the College will not take disciplinary action under its alcohol or drug policies against a student who discloses illegal alcohol or illegal drug use or possession in the context of reporting Sex-Based Harassment directed against them or another person. However, the College reserves the right to require counseling, education, or other preventative measures to help prevent alcohol or drug use or possession violations in the future. The College's commitment to amnesty in these situations does not prevent action by police or other legal authorities against an individual. Amnesty does not extend to violations of alcohol or drug policies that pertain to distribution of such substances to other persons.

XXXVI. SIGNATURES AND FORM OF CONSENT

For purposes of this Policy, either a physical signature or digital signature will be sufficient to satisfy any obligation that a document be signed. Where this Policy provides that written consent must be provided, consent in either physical or electronic form, containing a physical or digital signature, as the case may be, will suffice.

XXXVII. DEADLINES, TIME, NOTICES, AND METHOD OF TRANSMITTAL

Where this Policy specifies a period of days by which some act must be performed, the following method of calculation applies:

- Exclude the day of the event that triggers the period.
- Count every day, including intermediate Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays recognized by the federal government.
- Include the last day of the period until 5:00 p.m. central time, but if the last day is a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday recognized by the federal government, the period continues to run until 5:00 p.m. central time on the next day that is not a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday recognized by the federal government.

All deadlines and other time periods specified in this Policy are subject to modification by the College where, in the College's sole discretion, good cause exists. Good cause may include, but is not limited to, the unavailability of parties or witnesses; the complexities of a given case; extended holidays or closures; sickness of the investigator, adjudicator, or the parties; the need to consult with the College's legal counsel;

unforeseen weather events; and the like.

Any party who wishes to seek an extension of any deadline or other time period may do so by filing a request with the investigator, adjudicator, appeals officer, or Title IX Coordinator, as the case may be, depending on the phase of the process. Such request must state the extension sought and explain what good cause exists for the requested extension. The College officer resolving the request for extension may, but is not required to, give the other party an opportunity to object. Whether to grant such a requested extension will be in the sole discretion of the College.

The parties will be provided written notice of the modification of any deadline or time period specified in this Policy, along with the reasons for the modification.

Where this Policy refers to notice being given to parties “simultaneously,” notice will be deemed simultaneous if it is provided in relative proximity on the same day. It is not necessary that notice be provided at exactly the same hour and minute.

Unless otherwise specified in this Policy, the default method of transmission for all notices, reports, responses, and other forms of communication specified in this Policy will be email using College email addresses. If a party does not have a College email address, the party will be required to provide an email address to the Title IX Coordinator at the inception of a matter. A party may not insist or demand that the College communicate only through a party’s representative, including an attorney.

A party is deemed to have received notice upon transmittal of an email to their College email address or, if they do not have a College email address, the email address they supply to the Title IX Coordinator at the inception of a matter.

If unforeseen circumstances necessitate notice be provided by U.S. mail, a party will be deemed to have received notice three (3) days after the notice in question is postmarked.

Any notice inviting or requiring a party or witness to attend a meeting or interview will be provided with sufficient time for the party to prepare for the meeting or interview, as the case may be, and will include relevant details such as the date, time, location, purpose, and participants. Unless a specific number of days is specified elsewhere in this Policy, the sufficient time to be provided will be determined in the sole discretion of the College, considering all the facts and circumstances, including, but not limited to, the nature of the meeting or interview; the nature and complexity of the allegations at issue; the schedules of relevant College officials; approaching holidays or closures; and the number and length of extensions already granted.

XXXVIII. OTHER FORMS OF DISCRIMINATION

This policy applies only to Sex Discrimination. Complaints of other forms of protected-status discrimination, such as discrimination based on race, national origin, ethnicity, age, and disability, are governed by the Non-Discrimination/Equal Opportunity Policy.

XXXIX. FACTS AND DETERMINATIONS BINDING

If a Complaint is dismissed or proceeds to a written decision of adjudication, and after any such dismissal or written decision is final, the facts and determinations made by the College are binding on the parties and may not be relitigated, challenged, or otherwise collaterally attacked by the parties in any other College process or procedure. Additionally, a Complainant may not file successive Complaints under this

Policy about the same incident or course of conduct, even if the Complainant alleges a new theory of Sex Discrimination arising from the same incident or course of conduct that was the subject of a prior written decision. Further, to the extent a complaint of Policy and Practice Discrimination has proceeded to a written decision, such written decision is binding on different Complainants with respect to the same Policy and Practice Discrimination, unless such different Complainant alleges materially different facts that could result in a different outcome.

XL. OUTSIDE APPOINTMENTS, DUAL APPOINTMENTS, AND DELEGATIONS

The College retains discretion to retain and appoint suitably qualified persons who are not College employees to fulfill any function of the College under this Policy, including, but not limited to, the Title IX Coordinator, investigator, adjudicator, informal resolution facilitator, and/or appeals officer.

The College also retains discretion to appoint two or more persons to jointly fulfill the role of investigator, adjudicator, informal resolution facilitator, and/or appeals officer.

The functions assigned to a given College official under this Policy, including but not limited to the functions assigned to the Title IX Coordinator, investigator, adjudicator, informal resolution facilitator, and appeals officer, may, in the College's discretion, be delegated by such College official to any suitably qualified individual and such delegation may be recalled by the College at any time.

XLI. DUAL STATUS PERSONS

Where an individual is both a Student and an Employee of the College, and to the extent the distinction between Student or Employee status is material for any standard, obligation, right, or process set forth in this Policy, the Title IX Coordinator will determine the individual's status for purposes of this Policy. Such determination shall be made after a fact-specific inquiry that includes consideration of relevant circumstances, including whether the individual's primary relationship to the College is to receive an education or to work, and in what capacity the person was acting (or failing to act) with regard to the events in question.

XLII. EXERCISE OF RIGHTS

The rights afforded to Complainants and Respondents throughout this Policy are personal to Complainants and Respondents and may not be exercised by a third-party unless the third-party has the legal right to act on the party's behalf. As a general rule, parents do not have the right to act on behalf of adult students and are not entitled to participate in the investigation and adjudication processes in this Policy unless they are acting in the role of an advisor as described in "Advisor of Choice and Other Accompanying Persons." If a Complaint alleges Policy and Practice Discrimination against the College itself, such that no individual person is a Respondent, the relevant department or unit whose policy or practice is at issue may appoint an individual to represent the department or unit's interest and to act as a nominal Respondent in such individual's official capacity on behalf of the department or unit at issue.

XLIII. EDUCATION

Because the College recognizes that the prevention of Sex Discrimination, including Sexual Assault, Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, and Stalking, is important, it offers educational programming to a variety of groups such as: campus personnel; incoming students and new employees participating in orientation; and members of student organizations. Among other elements, such training will cover relevant definitions, procedures, and sanctions; will provide safe and positive options for bystander

intervention; and will provide risk reduction information, including recognizing warning signs of abusive behavior and how to avoid potential attacks. The College's educational programming will comply with the Illinois Preventing Sexual Violence in Higher Education Act and any other applicable federal or state law. To learn more about education resources, please contact the Title IX Coordinator.

Primary Prevention and Awareness Program: The College prohibits rape, acquaintance rape, domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault and stalking and has various programs to educate students and employees about awareness of such offenses and steps that can be taken to prevent them. All faculty, staff, and students receive annual training and education regarding sexual misconduct.

The College's Primary Prevention and Awareness Program focuses on all incoming students and new employees and is geared towards stopping dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault, and stalking before they occur through the promotion of positive and healthy behaviors that foster healthy, mutually respectful relationships and sexuality; encourage safe bystander intervention; and seek to change behavior and social norms in healthy and safe directions.

The Primary Prevention and Awareness Program also includes instruction on safe and positive options for bystander intervention that may be carried out by an individual to prevent harm or intervene where there is a risk of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking against a person other than such individual. It also includes information on risk reduction, such as warning signs of abusive behavior and how to avoid potential attacks.

The following are safe and positive options that a bystander can take to intervene and prevent harm or the risk of harm to another individual:

- Name or acknowledge an offense.
- Point to the "elephant in the room."
- Interrupt the behavior.
- Publicly support an aggrieved person.
- Call for help.

The following information relates to risk reduction options that promote safety and help students and employees address conditions that facilitate violence.

If you find yourself in an uncomfortable sexual situation, these suggestions may help you reduce your risk:

- Make your limits known before going too far.
- You can withdraw consent to sexual activity at any time. Do not be afraid to tell a sexual aggressor "NO" clearly and loudly.
- Try to remove yourself from the physical presence of the sexual aggressor. Be as direct as possible about wanting to leave the environment.
- Solicit someone nearby and ask them for help.
- Be responsible about your alcohol and/or drug use. Alcohol and drugs can lower your sexual inhibitions and may make you vulnerable to someone who views an intoxicated/high person as a sexual opportunity.
- Attend large parties with friends you trust. Watch out for your friends and ask that they watch out for you.

- Be aware of someone trying to slip you an incapacitating “rape drug” like Rohypnol or GHB.
- It is also important to be aware of the warning signs of an abusive person. Some examples include:
 - Past abuse
 - Threats of violence or abuse
 - Breaking objects
 - Using force during an argument
 - Jealousy
 - Controlling behavior
 - Quick involvement
 - Unrealistic expectations
 - Isolation
 - Blaming others for problems
 - Hypersensitive
 - Cruelty to animals or children
 - “Playful” use of force during sex
 - Jekyll-and-Hyde personality

If you find yourself in the position of being the initiator of sexual behavior, these suggestions may help you to reduce your risk of being accused of sexual assault or another sexual crime:

- Remember that you owe sexual respect to the other person.
- Don’t make assumptions about the other person’s consent or about how far they are willing to go.
- Remember that consent to one form of sexual activity does not necessarily imply consent to another form of sexual behavior.
- If your partner expresses a withdrawal of consent, stop immediately.
- Clearly communicate your sexual intentions so that the other person has a chance to clearly tell you their intentions.
- Consider “mixed messages” a clear sign that the other person is uncomfortable with the situation and may not be able to progress sexually.
- Do not take advantage of someone who is drunk or on drugs, even if they knowingly and intentionally put themselves in that state. Further, don’t be afraid to step in if you see someone else trying to take advantage of a nearly incapacitated person.
- Be aware of the signs of incapacitation, such as slurred speech, bloodshot eyes, vomiting, unusual behavior, passing out, staggering, etc.

In addition, the College has an Ongoing Prevention and Awareness Campaign for students and employees. The campaign serves as a refresher for the topics addressed in the Primary Prevention and Awareness Program. It is conducted by means of CBLs, and emails with links to videos for programming, initiatives, and strategies that are focused on increasing understanding of topics relevant to skills for addressing dating violence, domestic violence, sexual assault, and stalking.

Online resources:

<https://obamawhitehouse.archives.gov/1is2many/notalone>

<https://www.nsvrc.org/>

XLIV. TRAINING

The College will ensure that all Employees, and College officials acting under this Policy, including but not limited to the Title IX Coordinator, investigators, adjudicators, informal resolution facilitators, any College-provided advisors, and appeals officers receive training in compliance with Title IX and its implementing regulations and any other applicable federal, state, or local laws. All individuals whose duties include resolution of complaints of student violations of this Policy will receive at least 8 to 10 hours of annual training on issues related to sexual violence, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking and how to conduct the College's procedures under this Policy.

XLV. RECORDKEEPING

The College will retain those records specified in 34 C.F.R. § 106.8(f) for a period of seven years after which point in time they may be destroyed, or continue to be retained, in the College's sole discretion. Such materials will be made available for inspection and review only to the extent required by Title IX and its implementing regulations and/or other applicable federal, state, and/or local laws.

XLVI. CHANGES IN THE LAW

In the event a change in controlling law conflicts with some provision of this Policy, necessitates the modification of some provision of this Policy, or mandates the inclusion of new provisions not included, the College may immediately apply the Policy in a manner consistent with such controlling law, after providing written notice to the parties of the change in controlling law, even if the Policy has yet to be formally amended to address the change in controlling law.

XLVII. DEFINITIONS

Words used in this Policy will have those meanings defined herein and/or in Appendix 1 and if not defined herein or in Appendix 1 will be construed according to their plain and ordinary meaning.

XLVIII. DISCRETION IN APPLICATION

The College retains discretion to interpret and apply this Policy in a manner that is not clearly unreasonable, even if the College's interpretation or application differs from the interpretation of the parties.

Despite the College's reasonable efforts to anticipate all eventualities in drafting this Policy, it is possible unanticipated or extraordinary circumstances may not be specifically or reasonably addressed by the express language, in which case the College retains discretion to respond to the unanticipated or extraordinary circumstance in a way that is not clearly unreasonable.

The provisions of this Policy are **not contractual in nature**, whether in their own right, or as part of any other express or implied contract. Accordingly, the College retains discretion to revise this Policy and Policy revisions to an active case provided that doing so is not clearly unreasonable.

APPENDIX 1: DEFINITIONS

"Adverse Treatment Sex Discrimination" means material, adverse action taken against a person where the motivating factor for the action is Sex-Based except where such action is permitted by law. The adverse

action need not be sexual in nature to constitute Adverse Treatment Sex Discrimination.

“Coercion” means direct or implied threat of force, violence, danger, hardship, or retribution sufficient to persuade a reasonable person of ordinary susceptibility to perform an act which otherwise would not have been performed or acquiesce in an act to which one would otherwise not have submitted. Coercion can include unreasonable and sustained pressure for sexual activity. Coercive behavior differs from seductive behavior based on the type of pressure someone uses to get consent from another. A person’s words or conduct cannot amount to Coercion for purposes of this Policy unless they wrongfully impair the other’s freedom of will and ability to choose whether or not to engage in sexual activity.

“Complainant” means:

- A Student or Employee who is alleged to have been subjected to conduct that could be prohibited by this Policy; or
- A person other than a Student or Employee who is alleged to have been subjected to conduct that could be prohibited by this Policy and who was participating or attempting to participate in the College’s Education Programs or Activities when the alleged conduct occurred.

“Complaint” means an oral or written request to the College to initiate an investigation and adjudication of alleged Sex Discrimination pursuant to the procedures in this Policy.

“Confidential Advisor” means a person who is employed or contracted by the College to provide emergency and ongoing support to student survivors of sexual violence with the training, duties, and responsibilities described in the Illinois Preventing Sexual Violence in Higher Education Act.

“Confidential Employee” means an Employee of the College who is not required to report potential Sex Discrimination to the Title IX Coordinator because:

- The Employee’s communications are privileged or confidential under federal or state law (e.g., attorneys, doctors and certain other medical providers, psychologists, and counselors). The Employee’s status as confidential is limited to information received about Sex Discrimination while the Employee is functioning within the scope of their duties to which the privilege or confidentiality applies.
- The College has designated the Employee as a confidential resource for the purpose of providing services to persons in connection with Sex Discrimination—but if the Employee also has a role or duty not associated with providing these services, the Employee’s status as confidential is limited to information received about Sex Discrimination in connection with providing these services.
- The Employee is conducting a College approved human subjects research study designed to gather information about Sex Discrimination—but the Employee’s confidential status is limited to information received while conducting the study.

A list of Confidential Employees by position type is available here <https://www.brcn.edu/current-students/counseling-services>

“Consent” means words or actions that a reasonable person in the perspective of the Respondent would understand as agreement to engage in the sexual conduct at issue. A person who is Incapacitated is not capable of giving Consent. Consent is a freely given agreement to sexual activity, and a person’s lack of verbal or physical resistance or submission resulting from the use or threat of force does not constitute consent. A person’s manner of dress does not constitute consent, nor does a person’s consent to past sexual activity constitute consent to future sexual activity. A person’s consent to engage in sexual activity

with one person does not constitute consent to engage in sexual activity with another. Further, a person can withdraw consent at any time, and a person cannot consent to sexual activity if that person is unable to understand the nature of the activity or give knowing consent due to circumstances, including without limitation the following:

- **The person is incapacitated due to the use or influence of alcohol or drugs;**
- **The person is asleep or unconscious;**
- **The person is under age; or**
- **The person is incapacitated due to a mental disability.**

“Dating Violence” is violence committed by a person –

- **Who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the victim; and**
- **Where the existence of such a relationship will be determined based on a consideration of the following factors:**
 - The length of the relationship;
 - The type of relationship; and
 - The frequency of interaction between the persons involved in the relationship.

“Domestic Violence” is felony or misdemeanor crimes of violence committed by a person who:

- Is a current or former spouse or intimate partner of the victim under the family or domestic violence laws of the State of Illinois, or a person similarly situated to a spouse of the victim;
- Is cohabitating, or has cohabitated, with the victim as a spouse or intimate partner;
- Shares a child in common with the victim; or
- Commits acts against a youth or adult victim who is protected from those acts under the family or domestic violence laws of the State of Illinois.

“Employee” means a person who is paid wages to perform services for the College. Volunteers and independent contractors are not Employees.

“Education Programs or Activities” refers to:

- Activity occurring under any of the operations of the College in the United States, including, but not limited to, in-person and online educational instruction, admissions, employment, research activities, extracurricular activities, athletics, residence life, dining services, performances, and community engagement and outreach programs.
- Activity that occurs on campus or on other property owned or occupied by the College.
- Activity that occurs in a building owned or controlled by a student organization that is officially recognized by the College.
- Activity that is subject to the College’s disciplinary authority.

“FERPA” refers to the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act, which is a federal law governing the confidentiality of a Student’s education records and a Student’s right to access, review, and seek amendment of education records.

“Hostile Environment Harassment” is unwelcome sex-based conduct that, based on the totality of the

circumstances, is subjectively and objectively offensive and is so severe or pervasive that it limits or denies a person's ability to participate in or benefit from the College's Education Programs or Activities. Whether a hostile environment has been created is a fact-specific inquiry that includes consideration of:

- The degree to which the conduct affected the person's ability to access the College's Education Programs or Activities.
- The type, frequency, and duration of the conduct.
- The parties' ages, roles within the College's Education Programs or Activities, previous interactions, and other factors about each party that may be relevant to evaluating the effects of the conduct.
- The location of the conduct and the context in which the conduct occurred.
- Other Sex-Based harassment in the College's Education Programs or Activities.

"Incapacitated" or "Incapacity" refers to the state where a person does not appreciate the nature or fact of sexual activity due to the effect of drugs or alcohol consumption, medical condition or disability, or due to a state of unconsciousness or sleep.

"Policy" refers to the College's Sex Discrimination and Sex-Based Harassment Policy.

"Policy or Practice Discrimination" means a College policy, practice, or condition that has the effect of excluding or limiting a person from participating in the College's Education Programs or Activities on a Sex-Based category or that results in inequitable access to the College's Education Programs or Activities on a Sex-Based category except where such action is permitted by law.

"Pregnancy or Related Conditions" means:

- Pregnancy, childbirth, termination of pregnancy, or lactation;
- Medical conditions related to pregnancy, childbirth, termination of pregnancy or lactation;
- Recovery from pregnancy, childbirth, termination of pregnancy, lactation, or their related medical conditions.

"Quid Pro Quo Harassment" is an Employee, agent, or other person authorized to provide an aid, benefit, or service of the College explicitly or implicitly conditioning the provision of an aid, benefit, or service of the College on a person's participation in unwelcome sexual conduct.

"Relevant" means related to the allegations of Sex Discrimination that are subject to investigation and adjudication as set forth in this Policy. Questions are relevant when they seek evidence that may aid in showing whether the alleged Sex Discrimination occurred, and evidence is Relevant when it may aid an adjudicator in determining whether the alleged Sex Discrimination occurred.

"Report" means an oral or written notification of alleged Sex Discrimination.

"Respondent" means a person who is alleged to have engaged in conduct that could be prohibited by this Policy.

"Retaliation" is intimidation, threats, Coercion, or discrimination against any person by a Student, Employee, person authorized by the College to provide aid, benefit or service under the College's Education Programs or Activities, or the College itself, for the purpose of interfering with any right or privilege secured by Title IX or its implementing regulations, or because the person has reported information, made a Complaint, testified,

assisted, or participated or refused to participate in any manner in any investigation or proceeding under this Policy, or any other appropriate steps taken by the College in response to conduct prohibited by this Policy. Notwithstanding the foregoing, Retaliation does not include requiring an Employee or person authorized by the College to provide aid, benefit, or service under the College's Education Programs or Activities to participate as a witness in, or otherwise assist with, an investigation or proceeding under this Policy.

Retaliation includes initiating disciplinary process against a person for a violation of another College conduct standard that does not involve Sex Discrimination but arises out of the same facts and circumstances of a Complaint or information about potential Sex Discrimination, if initiating such other disciplinary process is done for the purpose of interfering with the exercise of any right or privilege of Title IX. Retaliation can be committed by a peer. Retaliation does not include any conduct that a party has a right to engage in under the U.S. Constitution.

Sex-Based" means on the basis of:

- sex
- sex stereotypes
- sex characteristics
- pregnancy or related conditions
- sexual orientation
- gender identity.

"Sex Discrimination" is an omnibus term that includes Adverse Treatment Sex Discrimination, Policy or Practice Discrimination, and Sex-Based Harassment.

"Sexual Assault" consists of one or more of the following:

- **Rape: Penetration, no matter how slight, of the vagina or anus with any body part or object, or oral penetration by a sex organ of another person, or by a sex-related object. This definition also includes instance in which the victim is incapable of giving consent because of temporary or permanent mental or physical incapacity (include due to the influence of drugs or alcohol) or because of age. Physical resistance is not required on the part of the victim to demonstrate lack of consent.**
- **Fondling: The touching of the private body parts of another person for the purpose of sexual gratification, without the consent of the victim, including instances where the victim is unable to give consent because of his/her age or because of his/her temporary or permanent mental or physical incapacity.**
- **Sexual intercourse between persons who are related to each other within the degrees wherein marriage is prohibited by Illinois law.**
- **Sexual intercourse with a person who is under the statutory age of Consent as defined by Illinois law.**

"Sex-Based Harassment" is a form of Sex Discrimination and consists of sexual and other Sex-Based harassment that constitutes Quid Pro Quo Harassment, Hostile Environment Harassment, Sexual Assault, Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, or Stalking.

"Stalking" is engaging in a course of conduct directed at a specific person that would cause a reasonable person to:

- Fear for their safety or the safety of others; or
- Suffer substantial emotional distress.

“Student” means a person who has gained admission to the College, whether or not they have matriculated.

“Supportive Measures” are non-disciplinary, non-punitive individualized measures offered, as appropriate, as reasonably available, without unreasonably burdening a party, and without fee or charge to the Complainant or Respondent to (i) restore or preserve that party’s access to the College’s Education Programs or Activities, including measures that are designed to protect the safety of the parties or the College’s educational environment, or (ii) provide support during the College’s investigation and adjudication process under this Policy, including any informal resolution process. Examples of Supportive Measures that may be available depending on the facts of a particular matter include: counseling; extensions of deadlines and other course-related adjustments; campus escort services; increased security and monitoring for certain areas of campus; restrictions on contact between parties; leaves of absence; voluntary and involuntary changes to class, work, housing, or extracurricular or any other activity; and training and education.

“College Community” means all persons who participate in the College’s Education Programs or Activities, including board members, administrators, faculty, staff, other Employees, Students, volunteers, guests, and contractors.

Approval Signatures

Step Description	Approver	Date
Approval by Student Development Committee	Andrew Griesbaum: Student Service Officer-Brcn	Pending